[~117H5904]

(Original Signature of Member)

118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## H.R.

To amend title 5, United States Code, to establish Diwali, also known as "Deepavali", as a Federal holiday, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. MENG introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

## A BILL

To amend title 5, United States Code, to establish Diwali, also known as "Deepavali", as a Federal holiday, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Diwali Day Act".
- 5 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING DIWALI DAY.
- 6 Congress finds the following:
- 7 (1) Diwali, also known as Deepavali, is an aus-
- 8 picious day celebrated by many South and Southeast

1	Asian communities as well as religious groups in-
2	cluding the Hindu, Buddhist, Sikh, and Jain com-
3	munities. Millions of Americans, both religious and
4	secular, celebrate Diwali, which is also called the
5	"Festival of Lights".
6	(2) Diwali falls on the fifteenth day of the
7	eighth month or the New Moon Day in the month
8	of Kãrtika of the Vedic lunar calendar, which occurs
9	during October or November.
10	(3) The celebration of Diwali coincides with the
11	observation of the holidays recognized by many for
12	Bandi Chhor Divas (the Day of Liberation), Kali
13	Puja, and Tihar.
14	(4) Diwali signifies the victory of good over evil
15	and unfairness, and knowledge over ignorance. It is
16	an annual time for celebration, reflection, prayer,
17	and gatherings with family, friends, and community.
18	SEC. 3. DIWALI DAY.
19	Section 6103(a) of title 5, United States Code, is
20	amended by inserting after the item relating to Columbus
21	Day the following:
22	"Diwali Day.".